# The First Total Synthesis of 3-Oxo-11, 12, 13-trihydroxyeudesm-4-ene 

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#### Abstract

The first total synthesis of 3-oxo-11, 12, 13-trihydroxyeudesm-4-ene, a highly oxygenated natural eudesmane, was described.


Keywords: Total synthesis, 3-oxo-11, 12, 13-trihydroxyeudesm-4-ene, eudesmane, sesquiterpene.

Sesquiterpenic compounds of Eudesmane family, especially highly oxygenated eudesm-ane, have attracted considerable attention due to their intriguing biological properties ${ }^{1,2}$, particularly significant antifeedant activity, cell growth inhibitory and plant growth regulating activities.

3-Oxo-11, 12, 13-trihydroxyeudesm-4-ene 1, a highly oxygenated eudesmane, was firstly isolated from Achillea holosericea by Ahmed et al. in $2002^{3}$. Members of the genus Achillea are widely used in folk medicine for the preparation of herbal teas with antiphlogostic and spasmolytic activity ${ }^{4}$; extracts exhibit pharmacological activities including antibacterial ${ }^{5}$, anti-inflammatory ${ }^{6}$ and antiallergic ${ }^{7}$ properties. To the best of our knowledge, the total synthesis of $\mathbf{1}$ has not been reported yet. Herein, we reported a facile total synthesis of $\mathbf{1}$ starting from (+)-dihydrocarvone 2.



Reagents and conditions: a. Ref 8, $62 \%$; b. Vilsmeier reagent, $30 \% \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2},-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 1 \mathrm{~h}, 74 \%$; c. 1) NaI , acetone, r. t., 4 h ; 2) $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{DMSO}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 50-60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 6 \mathrm{~h}, 68 \%$; d. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{OsO}_{4}, \mathrm{~K}_{3} \mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}, t-\mathrm{BuOH}$, $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 24 \mathrm{~h}, 78 \%$.

[^0](+)-Cyperone 3 (purity > 95\%, determined by GC) was stereoselectively prepared from (+)-dihydrocarvone 2 in two steps ${ }^{8}$. Selective allylic chlorination of 3 with Vilsmeier reagent ${ }^{9}$ afforded 4 in $74 \%$ yield. Iodination of 4 with NaI followed by treatment with $\mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ in DMSO- $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (1:2) gave alcohol 5 in $68 \%$ overall yield. Dihydroxylation of 5 with $\mathrm{K}_{3} \mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}$ and a catalytic amount of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{OsO}_{4}$ afforded 3-oxo-11, 12, 13-trihydroxyeudesm-4-ene $\mathbf{1}$ in $78 \%$ yield. The spectral data of synthetic product $\mathbf{1}^{10}$ is fully consisted with literatural ${ }^{3}$ data of natural product.

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## References and Notes

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9. Data of compound 1: colorless oil. $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{25}+21.7$ (c $\left.1.25, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{NMR}(300 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta_{p p m}$ ): $3.78-3.64(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-12, \mathrm{H}-13), 3.56$ (br s, $3 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{OH}$ ), $2.79(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=14.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{eq}}-6\right), 2.49\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ax}}-2\right), 2.36\left(\mathrm{dt}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=17.0,4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{eq}}-2\right), 1.97(\mathrm{t}, 1 \mathrm{H}, J=14.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ax}}-6$ ), 1.73 (s, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}-15$ ), 1.74-1.70 (m, 3H, H-1, $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{eq}}-9$ ), 1.65-1.53 (m, 3H, H-7, H-8), $1.33\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{ax}}-9\right), 1.17\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}-14\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta$ ): $200.0(\mathrm{C}-3)$, 163.2 (C-5), 129.1 (C-4), $75.0(\mathrm{C}-11), 65.8$ (C-13), 65.3 (C-12), $43.2(\mathrm{C}-7), 42.1(\mathrm{C}-9), 37.4$ (C-1), 36.2 (C-10), 33.9 (C-2), 28.2 (C-6), 22.6 (C-14), 22.1 (C-8), 11.2 (C-15). IR $\left(\mathrm{KBr} / \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 3409,1647,1605,1450,1374,1244,755 . \operatorname{MS}(\mathrm{EI}, \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}): 268\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 0.3\right), 250$ (10), 237 (30), 219 (11), 202 (24), 177 (100), 161 (33), 149 (61), 91 (67), 55 (54), 43 (47).

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